

DosPackets

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Chapter 1

DosPackets

1.1 DosPackets.doc

```
--unknown--  
  
ACTION_CREATE_DIR  
  
ACTION_CURRENT_VOLUME  
  
ACTION_DELETE_OBJECT  
  
ACTION_DIE  
  
ACTION_DISK_INFO  
  
ACTION_END  
  
ACTION_EXAMINE_FH  
  
ACTION_EXAMINE_OBJECT  
  
ACTION_EXAMINE_NEXT  
  
ACTION_FH_FROM_LOCK  
  
ACTION_FINDINPUT  
  
ACTION_FINDOUTPUT  
  
ACTION_FINDUPDATE  
  
ACTION_FLUSH  
  
ACTION_FORMAT  
  
ACTION_FREE_LOCK  
  
ACTION_INFO  
  
ACTION_INHIBIT
```

ACTION_IS_FILESYSTEM
ACTION_LOCATE_OBJECT
ACTION_MORE_CACHE
ACTION_PARENT
ACTION_PARENT_FH
ACTION_READ
ACTION_READ_LINK
ACTION_RENAME_DISK
ACTION_RENAME_OBJECT
ACTION_SAME_LOCK
ACTION_SCREEN_MODE
ACTION_SEEK
ACTION_SERIALIZE_DISK
ACTION_SET_COMMENT
ACTION_SET_DATE
ACTION_SET_OWNER
ACTION_SET_PROTECT
ACTION_WRITE
ACTION_WRITE_PROTECT

1.2 DosPackets/--unknown--

Unknown Packets

These are packets I don't have any information on at this time.

ACTION_ADD_NOTIFY
ACTION_CHANGE_MODE
ACTION_CHANGE_SIGNAL
ACTION_COPY_DIR
ACTION_COPY_DIR_FH
ACTION_DEBUG
ACTION_DISK_CHANGE
ACTION_DISK_TYPE
ACTION_EVENT
ACTION_EXAMINE_ALL

```
ACTION_EXAMINE_ALL_END
ACTION_FREE_DISK_FSSM
ACTION_FREE_RECORD
ACTION_GET_DISK_FSSM
ACTION_LOCK_RECORD
ACTION_MAKE_LINK
ACTION_NETWORK_HELLO
ACTION_QUEUE
ACTION_READ_RETURN
ACTION_REMOVE_NOTIFY
ACTION_SETTRANS
ACTION_SET_FILE_SIZE
ACTION_SET_MAP
ACTION_STACK
ACTION_STARTUP
ACTION_TIMER
ACTION_WAIT_CHAR
ACTION_WRITE_RETURN
```

1.3 DosPackets/ACTION_CREATE_DIR

```
NAME
ACTION_CREATE_DIR -- create a directory

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_CREATE_DIR ( lock, name )
                   Arg1 Arg2

ACTION_CREATE_DIR ( BPTR, BSTR );

FUNCTION
Create a subdirectory of name 'name' in directory specified by 'lock'.

INPUTS
lock - lock specifying directory in which to create new subdir.
name - name of new subdir.

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/CreateDir()
```

1.4 DosPackets/ACTION_CURRENT_VOLUME

```
NAME
ACTION_CURRENT_VOLUME -- inquire about a file's volume and unit number

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_CURRENT_VOLUME ( fh_Args )
                   Arg1
```

```
ACTION_CURRENT_VOLUME ( BPTR );
```

FUNCTION

Inquire about a file's volume and unit number

INPUTS

fh_Args - the fh_Args field of the active filehandle, or pointer to a filehandle. If NULL, return current volume and unit number.

RESULTS

res1 - BPTR to current volume node where file is located

res2 - unit number where file is located

1.5 DosPackets/ACTION_DELETE_OBJECT

NAME

ACTION_DELETE_OBJECT -- delete a file or an empty directory

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_DELETE_OBJECT ( lock, name )
                      Arg1 Arg2
```

```
ACTION_DELETE_OBJECT ( BPTR, BSTR );
```

FUNCTION

Delete an object.

INPUTS

lock - lock on directory containing object or NULL for root of device

name - name of object to delete.

RESULTS

res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.

res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

NOTES

If the object to be deleted is a directory, and it still contains files, an error will be returned.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/DeleteFile()

1.6 DosPackets/ACTION_DIE

NAME

ACTION_DIE -- unload handler code from memory and free buffers

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_DIE ()
```

```
ACTION_DIE ( void );
```

FUNCTION
Tell a handler to unload and flush.

INPUTS
none

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

1.7 DosPackets/ACTION_DISK_INFO

NAME
ACTION_DISK_INFO -- obtain information about a disk

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_DISK_INFO(id)
 Arg1

ACTION_DISK_INFO(BPTR);

FUNCTION
Fill the specified InfoData structure with information about the device.

INPUTS
id - BPTR to an InfoData structure.

RESULT
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

NOTES
When sent to a console handler, this packet now returns not only the window pointer in the id_VolumeNode field, but also a pointer to the console handler's console IO block in the id_InUse field. (These fields are part of the InfoData structure initialized by ACTION_DISK_INFO). Remember that you must AllocMem your InfoData structure to assure longword alignment since a BPTR to this structure is arg[0] for the packet.

A pointer to the ConUnit structure (see devices/conunit.h, .i) can be found from the returned console IO block pointer:

```
conUnit = (struct ConUnit *)  
          ((struct IOStdReq *)infoData->id_InUse)->io_Unit;
```

There is a lot of useful information in the ConUnit structure such as text cursor position and limits. If you are using the exec console.device directly, you should be able to get the ConUnit pointer from yourIoRequest->io_Unit.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/Info()

1.8 DosPackets/ACTION_END

NAME
ACTION_END -- terminate access to a file via a handle.

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_END (fh_Args)
 Arg1

ACTION_END (LONG);

FUNCTION
Terminate access to a filehandle. Send this packet when done reading or writing from or to a file. Don't reuse the filehandle after sending ACTION_END, and don't send it more than once - doing so has been known to trash entire hard disks...

INPUTS
fh_Args - the fh_Args field of the FileHandle.

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

NOTES
I don't think this flushes the device buffers.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/Close()

1.9 DosPackets/ACTION_EXAMINE_FH

NAME
ACTION_EXAMINE_FH -- examine an already open file

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_EXAMINE_FH (fh_Args, fib)
 Arg1 Arg2

ACTION_EXAMINE_FH (LONG, BPTR);

FUNCTION
Examine an already opened file.

INPUTS
fh_Args - the fh_Args field of the file's filehandle.
fib - BPTR to a FileInfoBlock to receive info.

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.

res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/ExamineFH()

1.10 DosPackets/ACTION_EXAMINE_OBJECT

NAME
ACTION_EXAMINE_OBJECT -- obtain information about an object

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_EXAMINE_OBJECT (lock, fib)
 Arg1 Arg2

ACTION_EXAMINE_OBJECT (BPTR, BPTR);

FUNCTION
Obtain information about the specified object.

INPUTS
lock - a lock on the object you wish to examine.
fib - BPTR to a FileInfoBlock to hold the information.

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/Examine()

1.11 DosPackets/ACTION_EXAMINE_NEXT

NAME
ACTION_EXAMINE_NEXT -- examine next entry in a directory

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_EXAMINE_NEXT (lock, fib)
 Arg1 Arg2

ACTION_EXAMINE_NEXT (BPTR, BPTR);

FUNCTION
Obtain information on the next entry in a directory. When you send this packet initially, the lock must be on the directory you wish to examine, and the FileInfoBlock must have been initialised from a previous invocation of
 ACTION_EXAMINE_OBJECT
 on the directory.

For more detailed information, see dos.library/ExNext().

INPUTS

lock - a lock on the directory you wish to examine.
fib - BPTR to a previously initialised FileInfoBlock.

RESULTS

res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.
The usual cause of failure is ERROR_NO_MORE_ENTRIES.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/ExNext()

1.12 DosPackets/ACTION_FH_FROM_LOCK

NAME

ACTION_FH_FROM_LOCK -- open a file from a lock

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_FH_FROM_LOCK ( fh, lock )
                    Arg1 Arg2
```

```
ACTION_FH_FROM_LOCK ( BPTR, BPTR )
```

FUNCTION

Open a file from a previously existing lock. This effectively relinquishes the lock. The access type is determined by the type of the lock you pass in - SHARED_LOCK is similar to MODE_OLDFILE, whereas EXCLUSIVE_LOCK is similar to MODE_NEWFILE.

INPUTS

fh - pointer to previously allocated filehandle
lock - lock on the file to open

RESULTS

res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

NOTES

If the open failed, the lock is still usable.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/OpenFromLock()

1.13 DosPackets/ACTION_FINDINPUT

NAME

ACTION_FINDINPUT -- open an existing file for input

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_FINDINPUT ( fh, lock, name )
                  Arg1 Arg2 Arg3
```

```
ACTION_FINDINPUT ( BPTR, BPTR, BSTR );
```

FUNCTION
Open a previously existing file for reading.

INPUTS
fh - BPTR to a previously allocated FileHandle.
lock - lock on the directory holding file 'name'.
name - BPTR to BCPL string specifying name of the file to open.

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/Open()

1.14 DosPackets/ACTION_FINDOUTPUT

NAME
ACTION_FINDOUTPUT -- open a new file for output

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_FINDOUTPUT (fh, lock, name)
 Arg1 Arg2 Arg3

ACTION_FINDOUTPUT (BPTR, BPTR, BSTR);

FUNCTION
Open a new file for writing, overwriting any file of the same name which already exists.

INPUTS
fh - BPTR to a previously allocated FileHandle.
lock - lock on the directory holding file 'name'.
name - BPTR to BCPL string specifying name of the file to open.

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/Open()

1.15 DosPackets/ACTION_FINDUPDATE

NAME
ACTION_FINDUPDATE -- open a file for updating

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_FINDUPDATE (fh, lock, name)
 Arg1 Arg2 Arg3

```
ACTION_FINDUPDATE ( BPTR, BPTR, BSTR );
```

FUNCTION

Open a file for reading and writing, creating it if it didn't exist.

INPUTS

fh - BPTR to a previously allocated FileHandle.
lock - lock on the directory holding file 'name'.
name - name of the file to open.

RESULTS

res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/Open()

1.16 DosPackets/ACTION_FLUSH

NAME

ACTION_FLUSH -- flush contents of device's I/O buffers

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_FLUSH ()
```

```
ACTION_FLUSH ( void );
```

FUNCTION

Cause pending blocks to be written out and motor turned off. This is expensive, so should not be done after every write. It is used by the system before putting up a requester saying "Change Disk" and the packet is only returned when the job is done. This action would be useful in a database when it wished to commit.

RESULT

res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/Flush()

1.17 DosPackets/ACTION_FORMAT

NAME

ACTION_FORMAT -- initialise a filesystem for use

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_FORMAT ( newname, dostype )  
                Arg1   Arg2
```

```
ACTION_FORMAT ( BSTR, LONG );
```

FUNCTION
 Initialise a filesystem. This function performs no kind of low level formatting of media whatsoever.

INPUTS
 newname - name of new volume to create
 dostype - DosType to use, if filesystem supports multiple types.

RESULTS
 res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
 res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
 dos.library/Format()

1.18 DosPackets/ACTION_FREE_LOCK

NAME
 ACTION_FREE_LOCK -- free a lock on an object

SYNOPSIS
 ACTION_FREE_LOCK (lock)
 Arg1

ACTION_FREE_LOCK (BPTR);

FUNCTION
 Free a lock that was previously obtained on an object. THE OBJECT MUST RESIDE ON THE FILESYSTEM YOU ARE SENDING THE PACKET TO!

INPUTS
 lock - the lock to free

RESULTS
 res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
 res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO

ACTION_LOCATE_OBJECT
 , dos.library/UnLock()

1.19 DosPackets/ACTION_INFO

NAME
 ACTION_INFO -- obtain information about a handler

SYNOPSIS
 ACTION_INFO (lock, id)
 Arg1 Arg2

ACTION_INFO (BPTR, BPTR)

FUNCTION
Obtain information about the disk on which an object resides.

INPUTS
lock - lock on an object which is on the device to be examined
id - BPTR to an InfoData structure to hold the information.

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/Info()

1.20 DosPackets/ACTION_INHIBIT

NAME
ACTION_INHIBIT -- prevent user from accessing a filesystem

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_INHIBIT (flag)
 Arg1

ACTION_INHIBIT (LONG);

FUNCTION
Inhibit a filesystem, i.e. prevent operations from taking place on it until it is un-inhibited. Commonly used to disable file operations before formatting or carrying out similar maintenance on a device.

The volume appears to the user as 'Not a DOS Disk'.

When called via dos.library, an
 ACTION_FLUSH
 is usually sent to the
handler first.

INPUTS
flag - 0 to uninhibit, anything other than 0 to inhibit.

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/Inhibit()

1.21 DosPackets/ACTION_IS_FILESYSTEM

NAME
ACTION_IS_FILESYSTEM -- determine if handler is a filesystem

```
SYNOPSIS
ACTION_IS_FILESYSTEM ( )

ACTION_IS_FILESYSTEM ( void );

FUNCTION
Determine if handler is a filesystem.

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if handler is a filesystem, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/IsFileSystem()
```

1.22 DosPackets/ACTION_LOCATE_OBJECT

```
NAME
ACTION_LOCATE_OBJECT -- locate an object ('lock' it)

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_LOCATE_OBJECT ( lock, name, type )
                    Arg1 Arg2 Arg3

ACTION_LOCATE_OBJECT ( BPTR, BSTR, LONG );

FUNCTION
Locate an object and return a FileLock on it.

INPUTS
lock - lock on a directory. NULL for root directory.
name - A pathname relative to 'lock'.
type - Type of lock to obtain. Can be SHARED_LOCK or EXCLUSIVE_LOCK.

RESULTS
res1 - Lock on the specified object or DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO

ACTION_FREE_LOCK
, dos.library/Lock()
```

1.23 DosPackets/ACTION_MORE_CACHE

```
NAME
ACTION_MORE_CACHE -- modify amount of cache buffers

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_MORE_CACHE( buffers )
                    Arg1
```

```
ACTION_MORE_CACHE ( LONG );
```

FUNCTION

Change the amount of cache buffers allocated by a handler.

INPUTS

buffers - signed longword integer specifying number of cache buffers to create or delete. 0 returns the current number.

RESULT

res1 - the new amount of cache buffers held by the handler.

res2 - Secondary return code. You get this even if packet was successful

NOTES

Older handlers may only support the creation of new buffers and not the deallocation of them. Examples include the release 1.3 FileSystem.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/AddBuffers()

1.24 DosPackets/ACTION_PARENT

NAME

ACTION_PARENT -- obtain lock on parent directory of object

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_PARENT ( lock )  
                Arg1
```

```
ACTION_PARENT ( BPTR );
```

FUNCTION

Obtains a lock on the parent directory of 'lock', which can either be a file or a directory.

For more detailed information see dos.library/ParentDir().

INPUTS

lock - lock to find parent of.

RESULTS

res1 - Lock on parent directory if successful, else DOSFALSE.

res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/ParentDir()

1.25 DosPackets/ACTION_PARENT_FH

NAME

ACTION_PARENT_FH -- obtain parent directory of an open file

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_PARENT_FH (fh_Args)
 Arg1

ACTION_PARENT_FH (BPTR);

FUNCTION
duplicate the lock on the parent dir of the specified file

INPUTS
fh_Args - the fh_Args field of the file's filehandle structure.

RESULTS
res1 - Lock on parent directory if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/ParentOfFH()

1.26 DosPackets/ACTION_READ

NAME
ACTION_READ -- read bytes of data from specified stream

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_READ (fh_Args, buf, numbytes)
 Arg1 Arg2 Arg3

ACTION_READ (LONG, APTR , ULONG);

FUNCTION
Read data from specified filehandle, obtained with
 ACTION_FINDINPUT
 or
 ACTION_FINDUPDATE
 .

INPUTS
fh_Args - the fh_Args field of the filehandle obtained with
 ACTION_FINDINPUT
 or
 ACTION_FINDUPDATE
 .

buf - pointer to the buffer which is to receive the data.
numbytes - number of bytes to read from file.

RESULTS
res1 - actual number of bytes read, or DOSFALSE if failed.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/Read()

1.27 DosPackets/ACTION_READ_LINK

NAME

ACTION_READ_LINK -- resolve a soft link

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_READ_LINK ( lock, path, buf, size )
                  Arg1 Arg2 Arg3 Arg4
```

```
ACTION_READ_LINK ( BPTR, STRPTR, STRPTR, ULONG );
```

FUNCTION

Resolve a soft link.

INPUTS

lock - lock this path is relative to filesystem
path - path that caused an ERROR_IS_SOFT_LINK
buf - pointer to buffer for new path from handler
size - size of buffer.

RESULTS

res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/ReadLink()

1.28 DosPackets/ACTION_RENAME_DISK

NAME

ACTION_RENAME_DISK -- rename a volume.

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_RENAME_DISK( name )
                  Arg1
```

```
ACTION_RENAME_DISK( BSTR );
```

FUNCTION

Set the volume name of a device.

INPUTS

name - pointer to a string containing the new name of the device.

RESULTS

res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/Relabel()

1.29 DosPackets/ACTION_RENAME_OBJECT

NAME
ACTION_RENAME_OBJECT -- rename an object

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_RENAME_OBJECT (lock, name, newlock, newname)
 Arg1 Arg2 Arg3 Arg4

ACTION_RENAME_OBJECT (BPTR, BSTR, BPTR, BSTR);

FUNCTION
Rename an object.

INPUTS
lock - Lock on directory holding object (NULL for root).
name - Name of the object to be renamed / moved.
newlock - Lock on directory to move object to (NULL for root).
newname - New name for the object.

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/Rename()

1.30 DosPackets/ACTION_SAME_LOCK

NAME
ACTION_SAME_LOCK -- determine if two locks refer to same object (V36)

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_SAME_LOCK (lock1, lock2)
 Arg1 Arg2

ACTION_SAME_LOCK (BPTR, BPTR);

FUNCTION
Test if two locks are on the same object.

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if both locks refer to same object, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/SameLock()

1.31 DosPackets/ACTION_SCREEN_MODE

NAME
ACTION_SCREEN_MODE -- set the mode of a CON: handler

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_SCREEN_MODE ( rawMode )
                    Arg1
```

```
ACTION_SCREEN_MODE ( ULONG );
```

FUNCTION

Switches CON: into raw mode and back again.

INPUTS

rawMode - DOSTRUE for RAW: mode, DOSFALSE for CON: mode.

RESULT

res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.

res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

NOTES

The packet should be sent to MsgPort of the console's handler task, which is usually found in '(struct MsgPort *) process->pr_ConsoleTask'.

Note that in addition to this, an escape sequence may be sent to turn on or off the automatic translation of LF to CR/LF. Normally RAW: does not enable this and CON: does. SetRawMode does not affect the translation. The escape sequences are CSI 20h to enable, and CSI 20l to disable this translation.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/SetMode()

1.32 DosPackets/ACTION_SEEK

NAME

ACTION_SEEK -- seek to a new position in a file

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_SEEK ( fh_Args, pos, offset )
              Arg1   Arg2   Arg3
```

```
ACTION_SEEK ( LONG, LONG, LONG );
```

FUNCTION

Change the position of the cursor within a file for reading or writing.

INPUTS

fh_Args - the fh_Args field of the file to seek within.

pos - current position in file.

offset - seek offset relative to 'pos'.

RESULTS

res1 - previous seek position in file, or DOSTRUE if the seek failed.

res2 - If res1 was DOSTRUE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/Seek()

1.33 DosPackets/ACTION_SERIALIZE_DISK

NAME
ACTION_SERIALIZE_DISK -- make a filesystem unique (V39)

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_SERIALIZE_DISK ()

ACTION_SERIALIZE_DISK (void);

FUNCTION
Takes no parameters, makes the FS change the disk to make it unique (normally by changing the creation date). Useful in diskcopy with non-amiga filesystems (diskcopy knows about amiga filesystems and can do it without the packet for them). Normal sorts of return codes.

INPUTS
none

RESULT
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

1.34 DosPackets/ACTION_SET_COMMENT

NAME
ACTION_SET_COMMENT -- set the comment for an object

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_SET_COMMENT (0L, lock, name, comment)
 Arg1 Arg2 Arg3 Arg4

ACTION_SET_COMMENT (ULONG, BPTR, BSTR, BSTR);

FUNCTION
Sets the file note / comment on 'file' in directory specified by 'lock' to 'comment'.

INPUTS
lock - lock on directory containing file
name - name of file
comment - the comment

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/SetComment()

1.35 DosPackets/ACTION_SET_DATE

NAME

ACTION_SET_DATE -- set 'last modified' date of an object

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_SET_DATE ( 0L, lock, fname, ds )
                Arg1 Arg2 Arg3 Arg4
```

```
ACTION_SET_DATE ( ULONG, BPTR, BSTR, APTR );
```

FUNCTION

Sets the date of a file or directory to specified date.

INPUTS

lock - lock on ParentDir of file
fname - BPTR to BCPL string of filename
ds - APTR to a DateStamp structure

RESULT

res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

NOTES

Arg1 should always be set to NULL.

SEE ALSO

dos.library/SetFileDate()

1.36 DosPackets/ACTION_SET_OWNER

NAME

ACTION_SET_OWNER -- set ownership information for an object (V39)

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_SET_OWNER ( NULL, lock, name, owner_info )
```

```
ACTION_SET_OWNER ( ULONG, BPTR, BSTR, LONG );
```

FUNCTION

Sets the ownership information for an object. Similar arguments to

ACTION_SET_PROTECT

, except the data is a longword of owner info: high
16 bits are GID (group), low 16 are UID (user id).

INPUTS

lock - specifies parent directory of the object
name - name of the object
owner_info - High 16 bits are GID (group), low 16 are UID (user ID).

RESULT

res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO

```
ACTION_SET_PROTECT
, dos.library/SetOwner()
```

1.37 DosPackets/ACTION_SET_PROTECT

NAME

ACTION_SET_PROTECT -- set attributes of an object

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_SET_PROTECT ( NULL, lock, name, attrs )
```

```
ACTION_SET_PROTECT ( ULONG, BPTR, BSTR, LONG );
```

FUNCTION

Sets the attributes or 'protection bits' for an object.

See <dos/dos.h> for a list of these attributes.

INPUTS

```
lock - specifies parent directory of the object
name - name of the object
attrs - longword of flags specifying file attributes
```

RESULT

```
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.
```

SEE ALSO

```
dos.library/SetProtection(),
ACTION_SET_OWNER
```

1.38 DosPackets/ACTION_WRITE

NAME

ACTION_WRITE -- write bytes of data to specified stream

SYNOPSIS

```
ACTION_WRITE ( fh_Args, buf, numbytes )
                Arg1 Arg2 Arg3
```

```
ACTION_WRITE ( LONG, APTR , ULONG );
```

FUNCTION

Write data to specified filehandle, obtained with
ACTION_FINDOUTPUT
or

```
ACTION_FINDUPDATE
```

.

INPUTS
fh_Args - the fh_Args field of the filehandle obtained with

ACTION_FINDOUTPUT
or
ACTION_FINDUPDATE
.

buf - pointer to the buffer which contains the data to be written.
numbytes - number of bytes to write to the file.

RESULTS
res1 - actual number of bytes written, or DOSFALSE if failed.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

SEE ALSO
dos.library/Write()

1.39 DosPackets/ACTION_WRITE_PROTECT

NAME
ACTION_WRITE_PROTECT -- 'write protect' a filesystem (V34)

SYNOPSIS
ACTION_WRITE_PROTECT (flag, key)
 Arg1 Arg2

ACTION_WRITE_PROTECT (LONG, LONG);

FUNCTION
Prevent write access to a filesystem using a key.

INPUTS
flag - DOSTRUE to lock device, DOSFALSE to unlock.
key - Key to lock drive with. Required for unlocking.

RESULTS
res1 - DOSTRUE if successful, else DOSFALSE.
res2 - If res1 was DOSFALSE, this tells you why the error occurred.

NOTES
The AmigaDOS 'Lock' command uses a 'key' of 0 if no passkey is specified on the command line, otherwise it uses a simple encoding algorithm on the key supplied.

This is a method of software write protection, nothing more.
